



I HEARD A HORRIBLE SCREAM

A FULL MOON WAS SHINING IN THE SKY

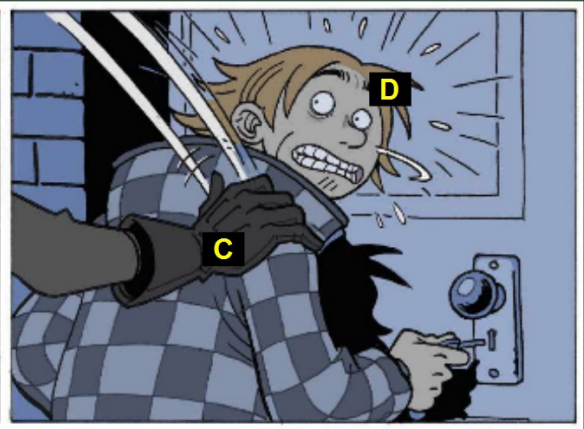
LAST NIGHT

I WAS WALKING MY DOG BENJY

IT WAS FREEZING







BENJY WAS BARKING LIKE MAD  
MY HANDS WERE SHAKING

I TURNED ROUND  
SOMEBODY GRABBED MY ARM



LAST NIGHT A FULL MOON WAS SHINING IN THE SKY. IT WAS A QUIET AND BEAUTIFUL NIGHT, BUT IT WAS FREEZING. I WAS WALKING MY DOG BENJY AFTER DINNER WHEN I HEARD A HORRIBLE SCREAM. I FROZE. I RAN BACK TO MY HOUSE, BUT MY HANDS WERE SHAKING SO I COULDN'T OPEN THE DOOR. BENJY WAS BARKING LIKE MAD AND I WAS SCARED TO DEATH! SUDDENLY, SOMEBODY GRABBED MY ARM. I TURNED ROUND, TERRIFIED, AND...

1. A quel temps ce récit est-il écrit ?
2. Certains verbes sont conjugués sur le modèle suivant : **WAS SHINING**  
Comment cette forme est-elle fabriquée, à partir de quel verbe ?  
Relève d'autres formes identiques.
3. A quel temps sont conjugués les verbes comme **I HEARD** ?  
Relève d'autres formes identiques.



*I WAS WALKING MY DOG BENJY AFTER DINNER WHEN I HEARD A HORRIBLE SCREAM.*

1. Traduis cette phrase.

2. Quel temps as-tu utilisé pour traduire *I WAS WALKING* ?

Quel temps as-tu utilisé pour traduire *I HEARD* ?

3. Conclusion.

Lorsque je raconte une histoire, je dois "planter le décor", créer une atmosphère. Je dois aussi décrire les actions de mes personnages.

Pour "planter le décor", j'utilise en français des formes telles que

ou

En anglais, cela correspond à la forme

Pour décrire des actions, j'utilise en français des temps comme

ou

En anglais, cela correspond au

l'imparfait

le passé simple

le passé composé

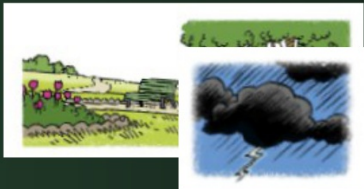
was/were + ing

"en train de"

preterit

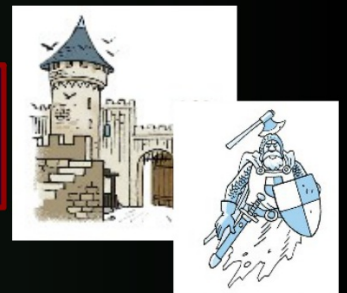


BE + ing ou preterit ? : recopie les phrases en conjuguant les verbes à la forme qui convient.



I ( **WALK** ) in the park when suddenly a huge storm ( **BREAK OUT** ).

I ( **VISIT** ) an old castle when suddenly a terrifying ghost ( **APPEAR** ).



We ( **SIT** ) on a bench when suddenly we ( **SEE** ) a huge wolf.



### Le prétérit *be-ing*

Observe ces phrases, et entoure *be* en rouge.



1. I'm walking my dog.



2. Yesterday, at 3 pm, I was walking my dog...

– Dans la phrase 1, *be* est au .....; la phrase est au ..... *be-ing*.

– Dans la phrase 2, *be* est au .....; la phrase est au ..... *be-ing*.

Complète ces phrases en conjuguant *be* au prétérit.

1. He ..... walking his dog.    3. You ..... building a tree-house.

2. She ..... washing her car.    4. They ..... rollerskating.





### Le Preterit BE + ing

Contrairement au preterit qui sert à parler d'une action ponctuelle dans le passé, le preterit BE +ing sert à parler des circonstances, du contexte. Il est à rapprocher en français de l'imparfait ou de l'expression «en train de».

Ex: J'étais en train de marcher → I was walking

Nous marchions → We were walking

#### Conjugaison

Singulier: I **was** walking / You **were** walking / He, she, it **was** walking

Pluriel: We **were** walking / You **were** walking / They **were** walking

Négations	Questions	Réponses courtes
He <b>wasn't</b> driving.	<b>Was</b> he driving?	Yes, he was . <b>No</b> , he <b>wasn't</b> .
They <b>weren't</b> driving.	<b>Were</b> they driving?	Yes, they were . <b>No</b> , they <b>weren't</b> .



Traduis :

Le soleil brillait. (SHINE) sun son the a shine shone

J'écoutais de la musique. (LISTEN) music listen the I to

Elle était en train de dormir. (SLEEP) in train of sleep slept she

Nous avons entendu un bruit. (HEAR / a noise) hear heard a we noise

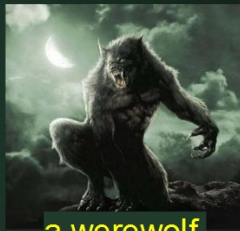
Puis, nous vîmes un monstre horrible. (SEE) see saw a we monster horrible

Then,

was	were
ed	ing



# EVIL CREATURES



a werewolf



a zombi



a demon



an alien



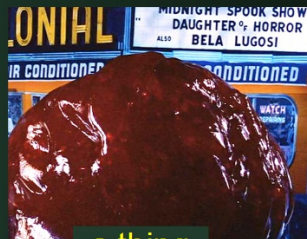
a ghost



a monster



a vampire



a thing



a maniac

a psycho





## adjectives

ugly  
hideous      awful  
disgusting    repulsive  
gross



terrifying  
scary      frightful  
horrible    dreadful



huge  
gigantic      monstrous  
giant      massive





## Guess my monster !

This monster is a living dead creature. It is slow and stupid, but it is repulsive. It feeds on human flesh. When they walk in groups, they can be very dangerous. To kill this creature, you must destroy the brain or cut off its head.

[monster 1](#)



[monster 2](#)



[monster 3](#)



[monster 4](#)



vampires

aliens

ghosts

monsters

werewolves

zombies

demons

things

maniacs

psychos



## Guess my monster !

This creature is mysterious. Many people think they really exist. Some people say that they like to kidnapp humans in order to experiment on them. Other people believe that they want to invade our world. They are very intelligent and they usually have high technology like UFOs.

monster 1



monster 2



monster 3



monster 4



vampires

aliens

ghosts

monsters

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demons

things

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psychos



## Guess my monster !

They are scary because they are not imaginary creatures like vampires or werewolves. They are just humans who have become crazy and violent. They like to wear masks. They go out at night and try to find a victim. They hardly ever use guns : they prefer weapons like knives, axes and chainsaws.

monster 1



monster 2



monster 3



monster 4



vampires

aliens

ghosts

monsters

werewolves

zombies

demons

things

maniacs

psychos



## Guess my monster !

Another undead creature : they go out at night to feed on human blood. They hate mirrors, garlic and crosses. They are nearly immortal and they have supernatural abilities. In order to kill them, you must cut off their head or stab them in the heart with a wooden stake.

[monster 1](#)



[monster 2](#)



[monster 3](#)



[monster 4](#)



vampires

aliens

ghosts

monsters

werewolves

zombies

demons

things

maniacs

psychos







## What happened next ?

A l'aide du vocabulaire ci-dessous, imagine et rédige avec tes camarades la fin de l'histoire en quelques lignes.

*I TURNED ROUND, TERRIFIED, AND...*

### Actions

SEE (saw) : voir  
 STAND (stood) before me : se tenir devant moi  
 HEAR (heard) : entendre  
 SAY (said) : dire  
 TELL (told) : dire  
 TRY (tried) : essayer  
 SHOOT (shot) : tirer (arme à feu)  
 LET (let) : laisser

RUN (ran) away : s'enfuir  
 ESCAPE : s'échapper  
 CATCH (caught) : attraper  
 STAB : poignarder  
 BITE (bit) : mordre  
 SCRATCH : griffer  
 SCREAM : crier  
 BLEED (bled) : saigner  
 WAKE (woke) up : se réveiller  
 COME (came) back : revenir

KILL : tuer  
 DIE : mourir  
 REALIZE : comprendre  
 WARN : avertir  
 HIDE (hid) : se cacher  
 CUT (cut) off : trancher, couper  
 TAKE (took) : prendre  
 FEEL (felt) : sentir, ressentir  
 CHASE : poursuivre  
 HAVE (had) : avoir

### Other words

a weapon : une arme  
 nowhere : nulle part  
 under : sous  
 behind : derrière  
 a dream : un rêve  
 just : juste  
 alone : seul

a key : une clé  
 a door : une porte  
 an arm : un bras  
 a head : une tête  
 fangs : des crocs  
 claws : des griffes  
 a slap : une claque

the other : l'autre  
 saignant : bleeding  
 an axe : une hache  
 a shoulder : une épaule  
 a nightmare : un cauchemar

puis, ensuite : then



1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9

"There was a picture in my  
phone of me sleeping. I  
live alone."

10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

**A GIRL HEARD HER MOM YELL HER NAME  
FROM DOWNSTAIRS, SO SHE GOT UP AND  
STARTED TO HEAD DOWN. AS SHE GOT TO THE  
STAIRS, HER MOM PULLED HER INTO HER  
ROOM AND SAID "I HEARD THAT, TOO."**

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18



1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9

I BEGIN TUCKING HIM INTO BED AND HE TELLS ME,  
"DADDY, CHECK FOR MONSTERS UNDER MY BED." I LOOK  
UNDERNEATH FOR HIS AMUSEMENT AND SEE HIM,  
ANOTHER HIM, UNDER THE BED, STARING BACK AT ME  
QUIVERING AND WHISPERING, "DADDY, THERE'S  
SOMEBODY ON MY BED."

10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18





1

2

3

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9

I wake up to find my three year old standing by the bed staring at me inches from me with a huge grin on his face.

he just stares and grins...

"What are you doing?" I finally say.

"Nothing" still grinning

At this point I realize he's got his hands behind his back.

"Are you holding something?"

"No."

I look anyway. He's hiding our largest carving knife behind his back.

10

11

12

13

14

15

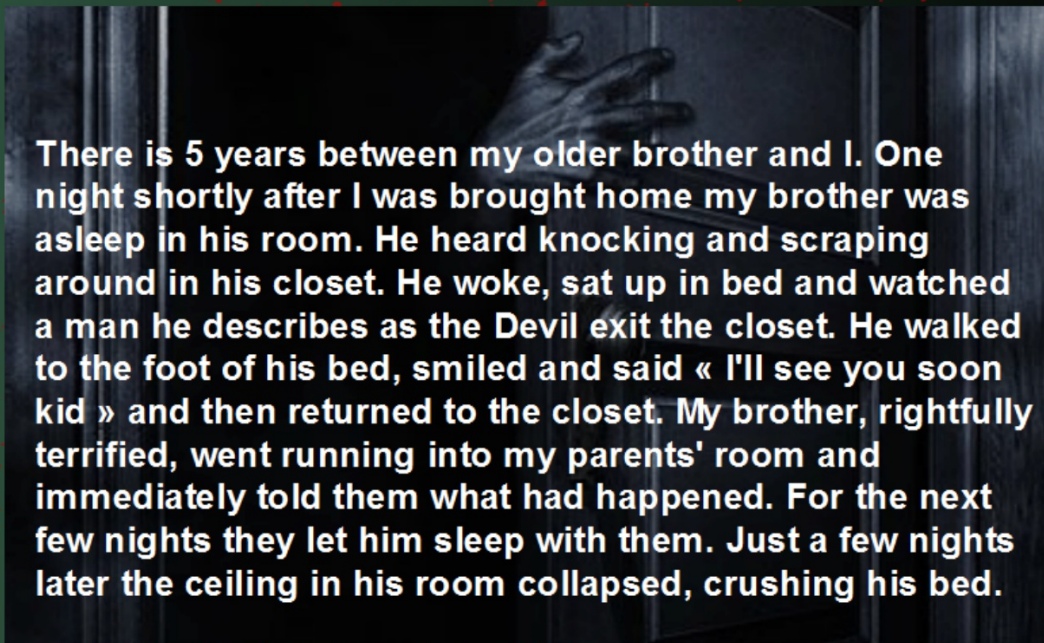
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17

18



1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9



There is 5 years between my older brother and I. One night shortly after I was brought home my brother was asleep in his room. He heard knocking and scraping around in his closet. He woke, sat up in bed and watched a man he describes as the Devil exit the closet. He walked to the foot of his bed, smiled and said « I'll see you soon kid » and then returned to the closet. My brother, rightfully terrified, went running into my parents' room and immediately told them what had happened. For the next few nights they let him sleep with them. Just a few nights later the ceiling in his room collapsed, crushing his bed.

10   11   12   13   14   15   16   17   18



infinitif	prétérit	traduction
BUY	bought	<i>acheter</i>
PUT	put	<i>mettre</i>
SEE	saw	<i>voir</i>
COME	came	<i>venir</i>
GIVE	gave	<i>donner</i>
SLEEP	slept	<i>dormir</i>
WIN	won	<i>gagner</i>
GO	went	<i>aller</i>
SPEND	spent	<i>dépenser / passer du temps</i>
TAKE	took	<i>prendre</i>



<u>infinitif</u>	<u>prétérit</u>	<u>traduction</u>
RUN (away)	ran (away)	<i>courir (s'enfuir)</i>
HEAR	heard	<i>entendre</i>
SAY	said	<i>dire</i>
TELL	told	<i>dire</i>
BREAK	broke	<i>casser</i>
CAN	could	<i>pouvoir</i>
FEEL	felt	<i>se sentir</i>
FREEZE	froze	<i>s'immobiliser / geler</i>
WAKE up	woke up	<i>se réveiller</i>
HIDE	hid	<i>se cacher</i>







WAKE up      HIDE      TAKE

HEAR      PUT      RUN (away)

GO      BUY      COME

SAY      TELL      GIVE

SEE

CAN      BREAK

FEEL      WIN

FREEZE      SPEND

SLEEP



- 1 J'ai entendu :
- 2 Elle a dit :
- 3 J'étais en train de dormir :
- 4 nous avons cassé :
- 5 Il s'est réveillé :
- 6 Il faisait un froid glacial :
- 7 Elles se sont cachées :
- 8 J'ai pu :
- 9 Il était en train de marcher :

